Statement of Investment Policies and Objectives

City of Sioux Falls
Employee’s Retirement System

Introduction

This investment policy is intended to allow for sufficient flexibility in money management to ensure the capture of investment opportunities, yet provide broad parameters that will ensure prudence and care in the execution of the investment program. It is the goal of the Board of Trustees to act with due care, skill, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with these matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims. These policies will provide the necessary guidance for the actions of the Board of Trustees, treasurer, investment consultant, and investment managers.

Objectives

1. To meet the long-term investment requirements of the Retirement System in providing adequate retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries through the prudent investment of assets—investments designed to adequately fund the plan’s liabilities and provide diversification so as to optimize the rate of return while maintaining a prudent level of risk.

2. Achieve a rate of return on investments that meets or exceeds the established actuarial rate of return assumption over the life of the System.

3. To provide a sufficient degree of flexibility in managing the System assets to meet the changing needs of the employee and their beneficiaries and adapt to changing economic environments.

Philosophy

The Board of Trustees will determine appropriate risk exposure to the Retirement System by establishing a target asset allocation and allocation ranges. These target allocations shall be based upon asset/liability and asset allocation modeling to ensure that the plan has assumed the appropriate amount of risk for the return necessary to meet and/or exceed the objectives listed above.

All investments will be made based on optimizing plan returns without regard to social, political, or other non-economic concerns of individual companies, industries, countries, or areas.
In addition to the guidelines and procedures set forth herein, all applicable statutes shall be rigorously adhered to. In particular, investments will conform to all City, State, and Federal statutes governing investment and operations of the Retirement System.

**Distinction of Responsibilities**

The Board of Trustees believes that it is their responsibility to establish the overall investment policy, including setting the asset allocation targets and ranges, approving investment manager policies, and making decisions regarding manager selection and retention for the Retirement System. The Board of Trustees authorizes the treasurer to manage the day-to-day operations of the investment program working with the investment consultant, investment managers, and custodial bank as appropriate.

Responsibilities of the treasurer, investment consultant, and investment managers include:

- The treasurer is authorized to manage the day-to-day investment operations of the Retirement System. This includes, but is not limited to, overseeing the activities of the investment consultant and custodial bank, reviewing manager performance, and rebalancing the allocations to target ranges. The treasurer is responsible for reporting changes in the investment program to the Board of Trustees on a timely basis.

- The investment consultant shall be responsible for providing performance analytics, making recommendations regarding specific managers and investment allocations, providing timely research and information relative to adverse conditions regarding a specific manager, recommending changes in investment managers and asset classes, and making presentations to the Boards as necessary.

- The investment managers are responsible for making strategic decisions within their assigned mandates concerning the appropriate mix of equities and/or fixed income, and the prices at which securities are bought and sold.

**Prohibitions**

Investment managers are prohibited from using any securities whose effect would be to leverage the portfolio or whose expected returns are significantly unlike those expected from their appropriate asset class.
Diversification

The Retirement System's assets will be well diversified to reduce the risks of large losses. To achieve this diversification, the following policies have been adopted:

- Each asset class, such as stocks and bonds, will be broadly diversified to be similar to the market for the asset class.

- Equity portfolio holdings will include diversifying alternative investments such as equity real estate.

- Short term fixed income investments, defined as fixed income issues maturing in less than one year, will be managed to add value. Credit risk will be avoided in these investments since the intent is to dampen overall volatility.

- Multiple managers will be employed. Target allocations among the managers will be established by the Board of Trustees to maintain both diversification and policy guidelines. The treasurer shall maintain manager allocations within reasonable tolerances of their investment targets.

Target allocations and ranges are outlined in Exhibit A

Rebalanced to Targets

The Board of Trustees recognizes that the System may become out of balance with respect to specific target ranges. The treasurer shall rebalance to target ranges from time to time as is necessary to maintain the target range equilibrium as specified. From time to time the Board of Trustees may authorize the treasurer to remain outside of target ranges based on current market conditions.

Control and Review Procedures

Liquidity

It is expected that in the normal course of business, it will be necessary to liquidate a portion of the assets to fund benefit payments. The treasurer shall direct the liquidation of assets necessary to maintain the necessary liquidity for the payment of benefits and administrative costs.
Policy Review

The various policies and objectives of the Retirement System will be reviewed periodically. These reviews will focus on the continued feasibility of the objectives, and the continued appropriateness of the investment policies for achieving the objectives. Although this statement will be reviewed on a consistent basis, it is not anticipated that objectives and policies will be altered frequently.

Performance Review

It is expected that the total System will at least perform in the top one-half of plans with similar risk over a complete market cycle. Risk will be measured as volatility or standard deviation of returns. Progress toward achieving performance objectives will be reviewed from time to time by the Board. These reviews will focus on adherence to policy and the opportunities available in the investment markets. Particular attention will be directed to reviewing performance relative to the risks; this will be achieved by comparing performance to plans with similar risk. It is believed that the performance expectation set forth in the Statement of Investment Policy is reasonable and consistent in the long run. Adherence to policy means conforming to the asset allocation, diversification, and risk guidelines set forth in the policy statement.

In regard to the individual active managers, their performance and adherence to policy will also be reviewed quarterly. Each manager will have individualized policies and objectives as established by the Board and agreed to by the manager. Manager reviews will focus on adherence to policy, progress toward achievement of objectives, and performance relative to opportunities. Each manager is expected to perform in at least the top one-half of managers with a similar style over a complete market cycle.

Measurement Standards

The Board of Trustees retains its rights to terminate managers for any number of reasons. The following factors are specific circumstances that, notwithstanding overriding factors of retention, may result in termination:

- A significant change in the organizational structure, management style, or personnel of the organization which contributes to a lack of confidence that the manager can produce acceptable results in the future.

- Failure to achieve acceptable performance relative to the respective index and to managers with a similar style set forth in the individual manager policy.
Communication

The Board, treasurer, investment consultant, and the investment managers recognize that frequent communication between the parties is a keystone to appropriate management of the Retirement System. The Board will report promptly to the investment manager significant changes in its assessment of the income requirements, risk taking capabilities, or other vital characteristics of the Retirement System.

Recognizing the dynamic nature of the capital markets, it is the obligation of the investment managers to report to the Board any suggestions or alterations in their guidelines considered desirable for the achievement of satisfactory investment results. Revisions will be considered from time to time.

The investment managers (or consultant or custodian, where appropriate) are obligated to provide the necessary reports either in person or in writing to the treasurer and/or Board of Trustees that are necessary to make timely and well-informed decisions regarding the investment of the Retirement System’s assets.

Security Transactions

The investment managers shall execute all trades in the best interest of plan participants utilizing high quality brokerage firms and achieving the best execution.

Proxy Voting

The Board of Trustees endorses the Department of Labor position that proxies are assets of the plan, and has adopted the following policy. The Board of Trustees have delegated the right to vote common stock shares to the separate account investment fund managers. All proxies must be voted in the long-term, economic interest of the Plan participants. Each investment fund manager is required to send a copy of its written proxy policy and guidelines to the Trustees and to submit quarterly reports on its proxy voting activities. Proxy votes of securities held in pooled funds or mutual funds are not required to be reported to the Board of Trustees.
### Asset Allocation by Manager Styles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Class</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Domestic Equity</strong></td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Broad Market Index</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Midcap Equity</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Small Cap Equity</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>International Equity</strong></td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broad ACWI x-US Core</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging Markets Equity</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Fixed Income</strong></td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Core Intermediate Fixed Income</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Government / Credit Fixed Income</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Real Estate</strong></td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Ended Core Real Estate (Private)</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Ended Real Estate Value Add /Opportunistic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Short Term/Cash</strong></td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>